Fiscal Year Ending March 2024 Financial Results Briefing

Thursday, June 6, 2024
PIOLAX, INC.
(Code: 5988)
Yukihiko Shimazu, President



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 Yuri Yamamoto, President of Piolax Medical Devices, Inc.



I. MEDIUM-TERM MANAGEMENT PLAN (FY24-FY26)



Establishment of New Corporate Philosophy

On the occasion of our 90th anniversary in October 2023, we established the corporate philosophy "Piolax Way."



Purpose

Connect people and society with technology for an exciting future

Vision

Create new value

-As pioneers of elasticity, we will create a next future-

Value

- 1) Pioneer new ideas and open to change
- 2) Strive for excellence with passion and trust
- Respect creativity and free thinking

Company Credo

"Sincerity, Cooperation, and Contribution"

Business Environment

Growth factors

■ Global car production: almost flat
Global car production forecast (Unit: 1 mil. cars)

2024	2025	2026	2030
89	92 91	92	105

- Accelerate shift to EVs
 Strengthen R&D capabilities.
 Acquire orders for CASE products.
- Invest in growth platforms
 Improve productivity by IoT and DX.
 Reallocate global production.
 Develop domestic infrastructure.
 Strengthen EU market entry.
- Discover new businesses
- Execute profit structure reforms
- Reinforce human assets development

Risk factors

Red text: Corrections since last time

[Market]

- Sluggish Japanese OEMs in China and Thailand
- Decreased orders for existing Piolax products due to the shift to EVs

[Society/Economy]

- Soaring costs of materials, logistics, energy, labor, etc.
- Foreign exchange fluctuations
- Geopolitical risks (US-China friction, Ukraine conflict, Taiwan contingency, etc.)
- Accelerated inflationary economy

[Others]

- Cyber attack
- Securing human assets

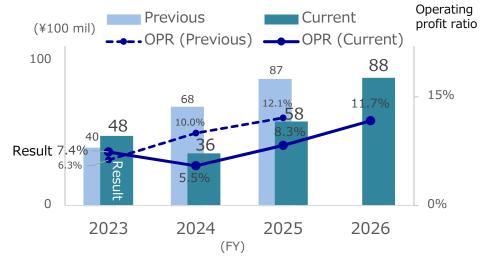


Management Indicators - 1

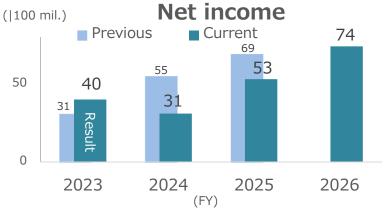
Medium-term management plan (FY24-FY26) and review of previous plan (FY23-FY25)



Operating profit



In FY23, while increased costs for materials, energy, etc. continued to squeeze profit, gradual recovery in car production and cost recovery from customers resulted in increase in both sales and profit. In FY24, we expect increase in sales and decrease in profit due to ongoing cost increase and sluggish bases in China and Thailand.



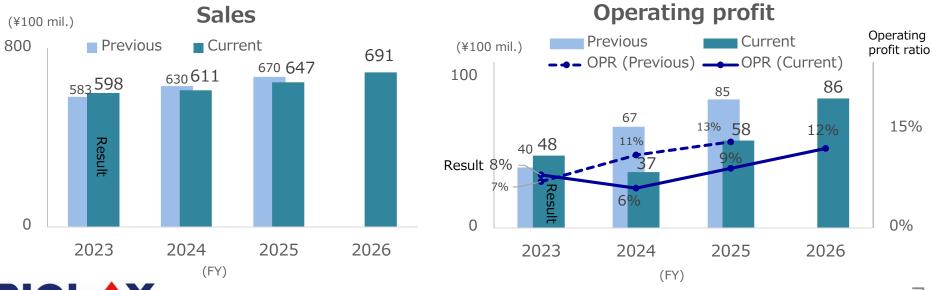


Management Indicators - 2 by Segment

Medium-term management plan for auto parts business

Assumptions for FY26 sales plan (¥69.1)

- Global car production will remain flat.
- Promote sales of CASE products with aggressive R&D and capital investment.
- Shift strategies in China and Thailand, where business is sluggish.
- Exchange rate: 1 USD = 145 JPY, 1 CNY = 20 JPY

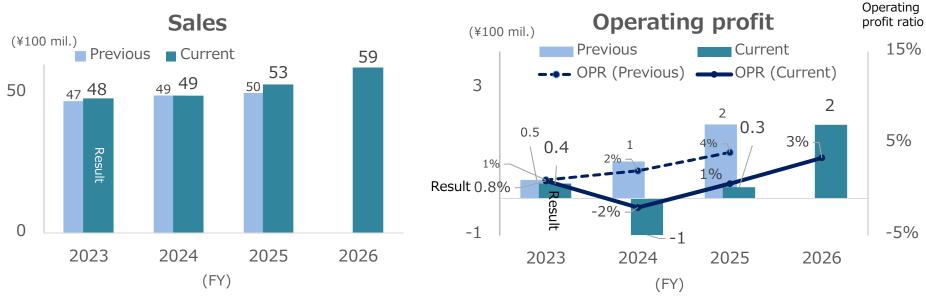


Management Indicators - 2 by Segment

Medium-term management plan for medical device business

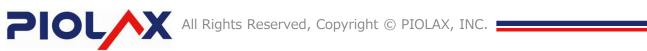
Assumption for FY26 sales plan (¥5.9 billion)

- While sales increase will push up marginal profit in FY24, increasing development and labor costs and other expenses will have a major impact, resulting in a temporary deficit.
- The period FY24-FY26 will see sales increase by launching new products.





II. GROWTH STRATEGY (AUTO PARTS BUSINESS)



Management Strategy and Plan (Auto Parts 1)

1. Product and customer strategies

	Management strategy and priority issue	FY23 result	FY24 target	FY26 target	FY30 target		
De	Develop and get orders of CASE products						
	Sales expansion of CASE products	Target: ¥1 bil. Actual: ¥1.1 bil.	¥1 bil.	\rightarrow	Sales of ¥10 bil.		
Div	versify customers and produ	cts					
	Overseas OEM ratio	Target: 16% Actual: 13%	16%	18%	20%		
	Increased per-car sales for new models (vs. former models)	Target: +10% Actual: +25%	+10%	+10%	+10%		

2. Business strategy

Find new businesses				
Discover and create new businesses	Feasibility study	Propose candidate business	Sales from new business	Sales of ¥5 bil. or more
Reform profit structure				
	J	FY24: - ¥400 mil. FY25:	Fixed costs of ¥10 bil.	Keep the fixed cost level
	Actual: - ¥100 mil.	- ¥500 mil.	level	



Management Strategy and Plan (Auto Parts 2)

3. Regional strategy

	Management strategy and priority issue	FY23 result	FY24 target	FY26 target	FY30 target
Business strategy in North America					
	North America (USA and Mexico) sales among overseas sales	Target: 35% or more Actual: 42%	35% or more	40% or more	40% or more
S	hift business strategy in (China			
	Sales ratio from Chinese OEMs	Actual: 16%	18% or more	20% or more	30% or more
I	mprove profitability in As	ia (PK, PT, PI,	PI)		
	Operating profit ratio of Asian bases	Target: 12% Actual: 9%	10% or more	13% or more	15% or more
Strategy in Continental Europe					
	Increase sales from German OEMs	<u> </u>	Decide and launch European business strategy	Build new European business structure	Sales of ¥5 bil. or more in Europe



Management Strategy and Plan (Auto Parts 3)

4. Growth investment strategy

1	Management strategy and	FY23	FY24	FY26	FY30
	priority issue	result	target	target	target
	Develop infrastructure in	n Japan			
	Build new Moka Plant	Phase I completed Phase II started	Phase II completed in FY25	Decide Phase III plan	200% productivity
	Build new Head Office in Yokohama		Completed in FY25	Promote work style reform	Continue to promote work style reform
1	Increase investment in (CASE products / I	new business		
	R&D expenses (against sales)	Target: 1.5% Actual: 1.3%	1.5%	1.7%	2.0%

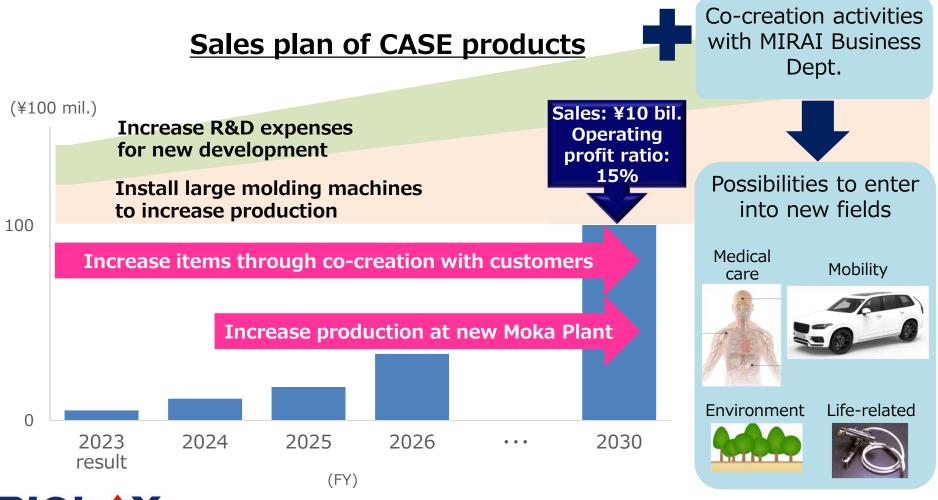
5. Management capital strategy

Pι	irsue capital efficiency					
	Dividend payout ratio	Target: 100% Result: 108%	100%		100%	Continue shareholder returns with capital efficiency in mind
	ROE	Target: 3.0% Actual: 3.8%	\rightarrow		8% or more	10% or more
Pr	omote ESG Manageme	ent				
	Carbon neutrality CO2 reduction (BM FY19)	Target: -13% Actual: being tallied (expected to be achieved)	-17% d))	-25%	-46%



Sales Expansion of CASE Products - 2

Strengthen development and sales system of CASE products



Product Strategy (Existing Products)

- Carefully watch market trends of EV, PHEV and ICE (customers' strategies by region, timeline, production scale).
- Develop strategies for existing products (comprehensive view of market environment changes).
- Execute "selection and concentration" in terms of development and production and reallocate management resources.

Powertrain parts (14% of the Group sales)

- Expand parts sales for e-Axle.
- Execute "selection and concentration": withdrawal, focus, and optimal production allocation as the Group including all the subsidiaries.
- Start plastic powertrain parts.
- Follow our major customers' strategies.

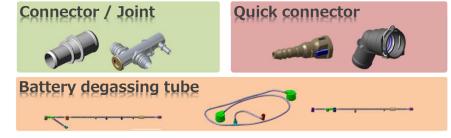
Potent spring Detent spring Torsional spring Pipe

Fuel system parts (16% of the Group sales)

- Keep pace with changing demand (BEV to PHEV).
- Flexibly respond to environmental regulations and expand sales. (Timely judgment of development, investment scale, market constraints, etc.)
- Develop high value-added products for thermal management, battery, etc.
- Develop products for e-fuel.

<Entry into thermal management products using our technologies through fuel system part>

- Cooling and heating for air conditioning
- Cooling of heat generated by battery

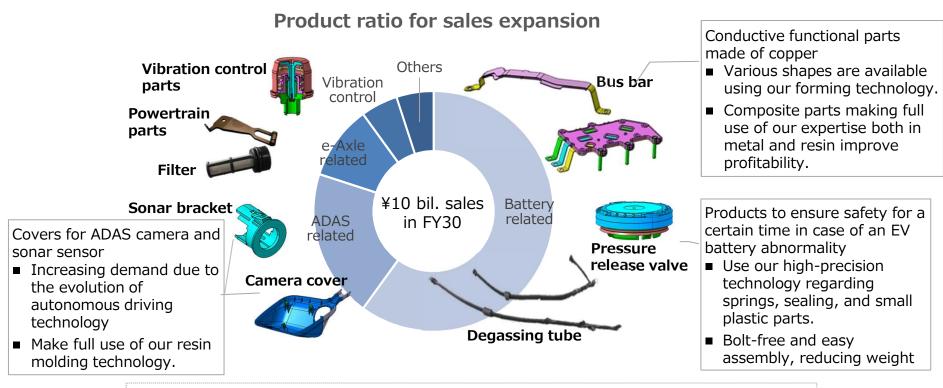




Sales Expansion of CASE Products - 1

Steady progress of entering into and selling CASE products

- We are steadily getting orders; sales expansion target in FY23 was achieved. <Breakdown> Battery-related 60% / ADAS-related 20% / e-Axle, vibration control, etc. 20%
- Build relationships with new customers by making the most of our technologies.



ADAS: Advanced Driver Assistance System

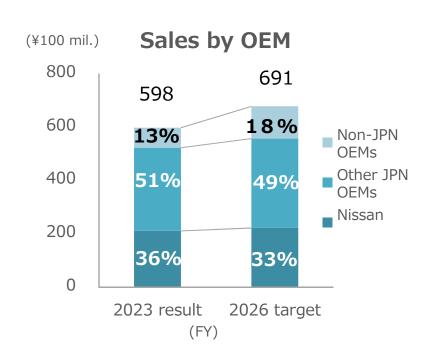
e-Axle: Drive module for EVs that combines a drive motor, an inverter, and a reducer



Diversifying Customers and Products

FY2026 Target

- Sales from non-Japanese OEMs: 18%
- Per-car sales for new models: +10% (from former models)



Increase per-car sales (Japan)

- · Target: Major models of Japanese OEMs
- Raise the unit price of parts and win new orders

[Major products contributing to sales]

- Open-close mechanism parts (for glove box)
- Valves for fuel tank
- Interior parts



- CASE products (ADAS, bus bars, etc.)
- Existing products adapting to structural changes by electrification
- New items through co-creation activities with customers



Initiatives at Overseas Bases

Europe (U.K. / Germany)

- Enhance sales to German OEMs.
- Continue to consider production allocation in Europe.

ASEAN (Korea, Thailand, Indonesia) and India

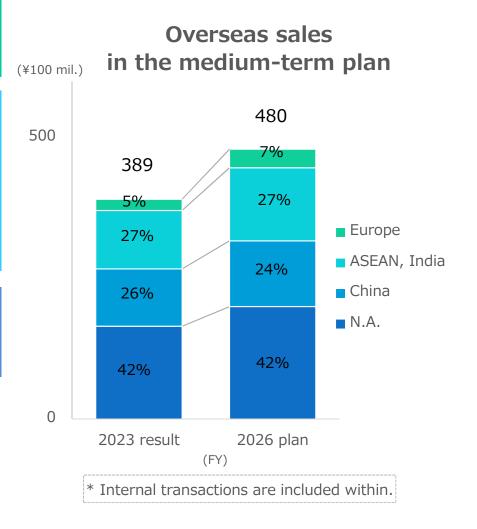
- Thailand: Shift business strategy (explained separately)
- India: Plant expansion in FY23
- Korea: Increase production
- Reinforce sales via cooperation among bases.

China

 Shift business strategy due to market change. (Explained separately)

North America (U.S. / Mexico)

- Increase sales from the U.S. BIG 3.
- Increase sales from VW and Hyundai.
- Expand production capacity.





Initiatives at Overseas Bases (China)

Shifting business strategy in China

[Measures to expand sales]

(1) Change kakuhan targets

 Chinese OEMs (emerging EV makers) + Existing customers (to protect current businesses)

(2) Fundamental review of the development system

- A system completed in China
- A system to keep pace with the speedy Chinese market

[Measures to improve profits]

(1) Drastic review of materials, processes, and methods

- Use local low-cost materials.
- Pursue labor saving to raise cost competitiveness.

(2) Review of production system

- Consolidate/Reallocate production for efficiency.
- Expand local production.

(3) Efficient organizational structure

• Consolidate management and quality functions at the Shanghai Head Office.

China auto market

- Japanese OEMs are sluggish.
- Chinese OEMs are expanding their share (about 10% up from FY21 to FY24).
- Rapid shift to EVs

Consolidated medium-term management plan in China





Initiatives at Overseas Bases (Asia)

Shifting business strategy in Thailand [Measures to expand sales]

- (1) Existing business Promote fuel system parts for HEV.
- (2) New business Win orders in new fields (e.g. molded interior parts) and of battery-related parts for BEV.
- (3) Expand customer base other than Nissan (Toyota, Chinese OEMs, etc.).
- (4) Cooperate with bases in Indonesia and India. Joint activities to expand sales of motorcycle parts with growth potential.

[Measures to improve profits]

- Reduce fixed costs.
- Further pursue efficiency through automation and labor saving. (Introduce IoT in production)
- Reduce losses through quality improvement.

Thai auto market

- Sluggish car sales in the country
- Increasing EV share (Chinese OEMs occupy about 80% of BEVs)
- Japanese OEMs are losing their share.





Infrastructure Development in Japan - 1

Starting operation at new Moka Plant

- Phase I zone (Plastic Building): From January 2024
- Investment: ¥10.5 billion (FY22-FY25) cost increase due to facility expansion and soaring material cost
- Total floor: Approx. 28,700 m² (including Phase II zone)
- Phase II construction (Metal Building) started in FY24, full-scale operation in FY25

<Next-generation global mother plant>

- Next-generation equipment and molding lines
- Automated lines using AI/IoT technology
- Efficient production through DX
- **200% productivity** by 2030
- Efforts for carbon neutrality
- Increased production of CASE products (battery-related parts, ADAS brackets)



Inside of new Moka Plant (Plastic Building)



Infrastructure Development in Japan - 2

For future growth - New Head Office -

Global Head Office that transmits Piolax corporate bland to the world for a long time – Sustainable office

- Consolidate functions of Head Office and Yokohama Technical Center.
- Promote workstyle reform through working from home and free address system.
- Raise productivity of indirect sections through infrastructure development.
- Create an office that contributes to employee comfort and job satisfaction.
- Drastically improve the efficiency of indirect operations through Smart Office Project.

Sustainable office

- ZEB Ready* to be certified
- Fully automatic louvers on windows to control outside light and room temperature.
- EV parking space may provide power in case of disaster.



New Head Office image (Hodogaya, Yokohama)

Start of construction: FY24 Completion: FY25

* Buildings that comply with a primary energy consumption reduction of 50% or more from the standard primary energy consumption, excluding renewable energy, will be certified.



Capital Investment / Depreciation

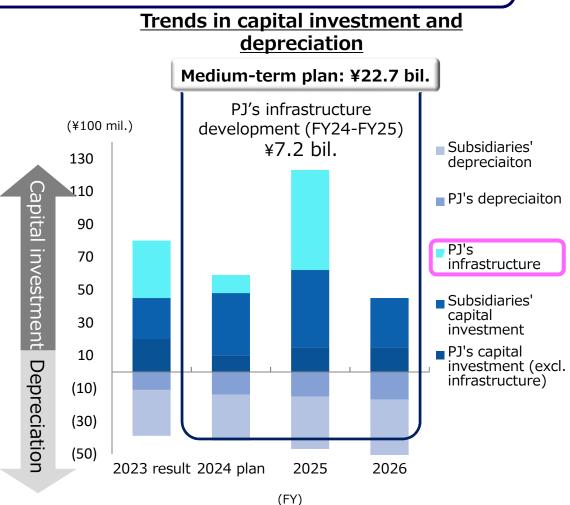
<u>Capital investment for future leaps,</u> <u>mainly in the development of domestic infrastructure</u>

[FY24]

- Start construction of the Moka Plant's Phase II zone.
- Start construction of the new Head Office.
- Introduce solar panels and other equipment for environmental measures.
- Consider reallocating production globally.
- Expand production at overseas bases (Korea and Mexico).

[FY25]

- Complete the Moka Plant's Phase II zone.
- Complete the new Head Office.





Growth Investment (Capital investment)

For further growth toward the 100th anniversary (2033) and beyond

Corporate growth

- Improve stakeholder satisfaction.
- Expand sales by new products and businesses.
- Strengthen profitability through structural reforms.
- Increase productivity by improving production and quality systems.
- Improve employee job satisfaction.

No.	Growth	3-year investment (¥100 mil.)	Main contents / targets
	Developing new CASE products		Sales expansion: ¥22 bil. for 3 years FY30 global sales: + ¥10 bil. Introducing large molding machines at Moka Plant
2	Increased production capacity		Labor saving. Reducing direct material cost. Improving process. Improving/Reorganizing plants. Introducing new MES.
	Structural reform through investment in DX and IoT		Reducing fixed and variable costs. Responding to new SAP (HANA).
	Environmental investment		Installing solar panels. Reducing energy cost. Responding to carbon neutrality. Social contribution.
5	Human capital investment		Developing human resources. Work style reform. Health management. Improving employee satisfaction through welfare. Raising hiring rate.
6	Renewal		Improving productivity. Completion of new Moka Plant's Phase II zone and new Head Office (integrated R&D management)
	Total	227	

The following is included among the above.

Improving Competitiveness in China	25Increasing sales share of Chinese OEMs
Structural reform of medical device business	7Increasing sales by ¥1 bil. by FY26



III. CAPITAL POLICY



Capital Policy - 1

Key KPIs

FY25 management indicators (Previous)

8% or moreFinal target: 10% or more
EVA spread +

Dividend payout ratio 100%

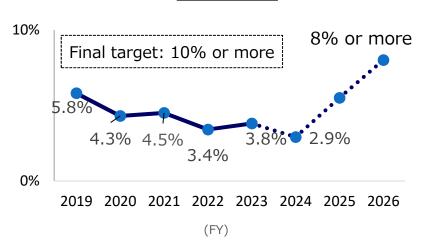
FY26 management indicators (Amended)

8% or more

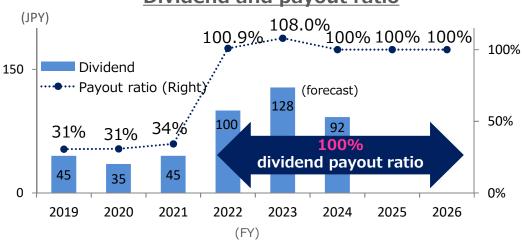
Final target: 10% or more EVA spread +

100% (continuing)

ROE trend



Dividend and payout ratio



* The interim dividend for FY23 includes commemorative dividend of 10.00 yen for the 90th anniversary of the Company's founding.



ROE

Capital Policy - 2

Toward PBR 1x

3-year capital policy (FY24-FY26)

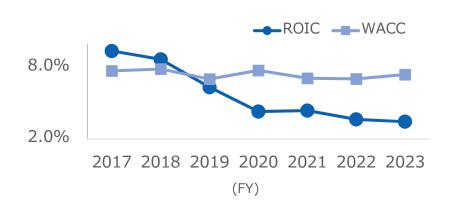
- Curb the buildup of equity capital
- 100% dividend payout ratio
- Agile repurchase/retirement of treasury stock

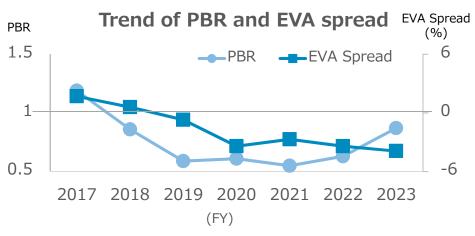
Retirement: To be implemented on June 26, 2024 (disclosed on May 10, 2024)

Repurchase: Being examined for implementation in this fiscal year (ending March 31, 2025)

The amount and timing will be disclosed as soon as it has been decided.





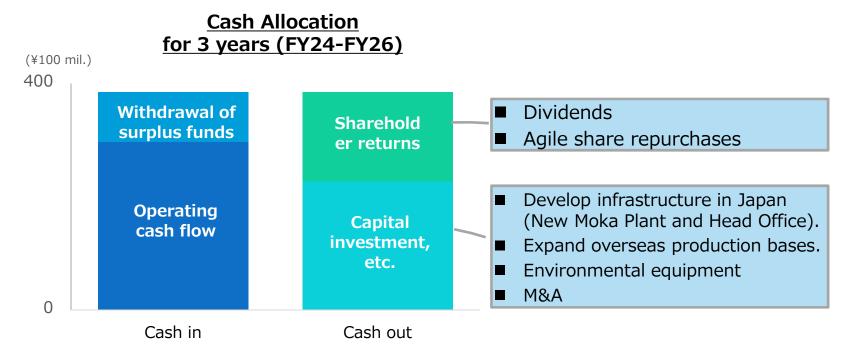




Capital Policy - 3

FY24-FY26

- Aim to optimize the optimal capital structure and capital efficiency.
- Make aggressive growth investment for the future.
- Increase investment in R&D to promote new product development.
- Take additional measures to improve ROE and shareholder returns.





IV. PROMOTION OF ESG MANAGEMENT



Ε

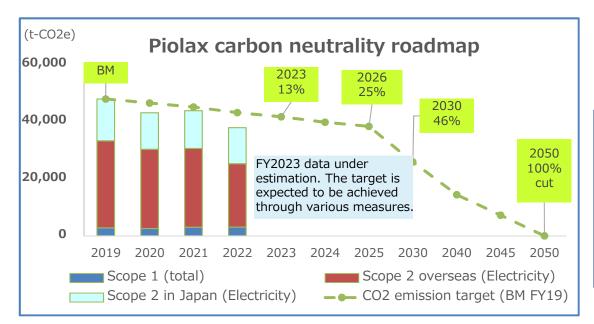
Efforts for Carbon Neutrality

<u>Introduction of renewable energy</u>

Moka Plant (Tochigi prefecture), Fuji Plant (Shizuoka prefecture), and Piolax Medical Device have started to use renewable energy 100% since FY23.

Installation of solar panels

Solar panels are installed on the new Moka Plant to promote self-sufficiency in renewable energy. We will also enhance Efforts in terms of life cycle assessment (LCA) to reduce Burden on the environment.





Solar panels on new Moka Plant

Overseas subsidiaries also included in the CN roadmap

2030: -46%

2050: -100% (From FY19)

* We aim for carbon neutrality by 2050 for Scopes 1 and 2.

* Subject: Piolax and its all subsidiaries



S

Diversity Initiatives

Diversity-related data

Improvement is seen in FY23.

	FY21	FY22	FY23
Percentage of female managers	3.5%	3.9%	5.2%
Gender wage differential (regular workers)	_	79.1%	81.0%*
Percentage of male employees taking childcare leave	18.2%	55.6%	60.0%

FY30
20% or more
Eliminate the differential
Further improvement

Certification of "Kurumin"

On November 9, 2023, we acquired "Kurumin" certification from the Ministry of Health, Labor and Welfare as a "company supporting child-rearing." During the period subject to accreditation review, we set the following action goals: (1) encourage male employees to take childcare leave, (2) reduce overtime work, and (3) expand internship and other opportunities. We believe that our achievements in these actions were evaluated and led to our certification.



<u>Certification of the highest ranking (3rd stage)</u> <u>of "Eruboshi" as an outstanding company</u>

We will continue our efforts to increase the number of female managers and develop a workplace environment where anyone can work comfortably and play an active role.

Certification as an "excellent health management corporation group in 2023" (large corporate division)

We will continue our support to promote mental and physical health and realize work-life balance of all employees, which is one of the most Important management objectives.



^{*} Gender wage differential: The ratio limited to managers is 103.9%.

G

Strengthening Governance

Aggressive management aiming to enhance corporate value over the medium to long term

Aimed structure of the Board

Female directors: 30% or more

Outside directors: Majority

2023

Review the executive compensation system. Introduce a performance-linked factor \rightarrow Expanded to executive officers

Increase the number of outside directors (3 to 4) (Female directors from 1 to 2)

Assign a female director for the first time

2019

Establish Nominating and Compensation Advisory Committee

2022

One third of directors are outside directors

2020

■2017

2018

Introduce a stock compensation plan for directors

2016

Shift to a company with Audit and Supervisory Committee

■ Structure of the Board (after the shareholders' meeting in June 2024)

Female directors: 22% (2 people out of 9)

Outside directors: 44% (4 out of 9)

■ Effectiveness evaluation of the Board

External advice is taken once every three years to increase objectivity. The Audit and Supervisory Committee is also evaluated every year from FY22.



V. GROWTH STRATEGY (MEDICAL DEVICE)



Business Environment and Aiming Direction

[FY23]

Impact of the corona infectious disease and competition

- Soaring material, energy, and labor costs
- Deterioration of competitive environment (Fierce competition due to the reduced number of cases and the shrinking market)
- Increased cost to keep competitiveness in multiple domains, expand overseas, and invest in plant maintenance and others

[FY24]

Restructuring of management strategy

- The market environment and cost increase factors will remain this fiscal year.
- Develop and launch new products selection and concentration, speedy development.



- Review a new product launch plan and management structure.
- Respond to market environment changes and improve corporate structure.
- Allocate resources appropriately over the medium to long term to increase sales and profitability.
- Strengthen investment in human resources to enhance organizational strength and growth.



Management Strategy (Medical Device Business)

1. Business selection and concentration

- Concentrate resources on "vascular treatment*1" and "non-vascular treatment*2."
- Maintain the top share in Japan of specific products*3 and increase the ratio.
- Expand the market and strengthen the production system, focusing on our unique products.
- Expand market in Japan and overseas, strengthening overseas expansion.

2. New product development

Launch profitable products for niche markets.

3. Strong cooperation with the parent company

In the area of product design, production engineering, and management as well as with new Moka Plant

- *1 Vascular treatment: Treatment or diagnosis is performed by passing a device through blood vessels.
- *2 Non-vascular: Treatment or diagnosis is performed by passing a device through vessels other than blood vessels.
- *3 Specific products: Guidewires for digestive endoscopes in Japan



Business selection and concentration

Vascular treatment

Selection and concentration x Global

Non-vascular treatment



Vascular embolic coil

1. Maintain the top share in Japan and raise the ratio Enhance production and expand market.



Endoscopic guidewire



Chemical mixing connector



Microballoon Catheter

2. Build evidence

Expand market (in Japan and overseas).



Endoscopic sheath

Endoscopic cannula

<New>
Vascular embolic coil
Coil pusher
Mapping Coil
Guidewire for dialysis shunt

3. Launch new products based on our strengths

- •Recreate medium- to longterm business roadmap.
- Use introductory products.
- Develop sales areas/routes.

<New>

Biodegradable esophageal stent

Endoscopic sheath

Plastic stent

Balloon catheter for esophageal

dilatation

<Resale> Biliary covered stent



Efforts for New Product Development

■ Conventional

Main focus on super niche markets and generic products



■ Future

Unique products in niche markets that can be expanded overseas

Based on Scientific evidence

- Small market
- Fierce competition
- Short product life cycle
 - **→** Low profit

- Less competition
- Long product life cycle
- → High profit

Japan is leading the markets where our company does business.

→ We can develop the business globally.

Expanding sales = Securing profits



Strong Cooperation with Parent Company

<u>Use the strengths of designing, development, manufacturing,</u> and processing that Piolax has accumulated in the medical field

1. Increase production capacity (Use Moka Plant)

July 2024: Start parts processing at Moka Plant.

From 2025: further promote production efficiency and cost reduction. (Consider increasing production and outsourcing other processes.)

Endoscopic guidewire whose parts will be processed at Moka Plant

2. Establish a supply chain which ensures stable supply at optimal price without being affected by order fluctuations

Stabilize supply, improve quality, and reduce cost through in-house production.

- 3. Use Piolax's strengths in designing metal-and-plastic-combined structure in the medical field
- 4. Cooperate in simulating medical devices when used in human body

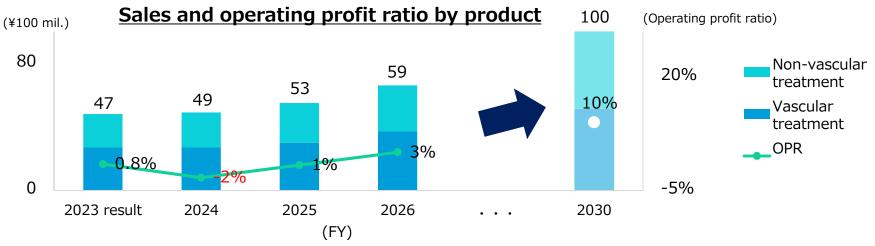
Give feedback of numerical analysis on human body and device materials for product design. Use scientific evidence to shorten a development time.

5. Encourage system integration and personnel exchange for back-office work

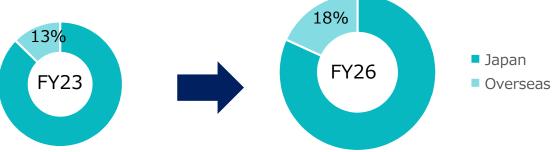


Mission "Bringing Smiles to Patients in the World"

- Promote unique and highly competitive product development.
- Use OEMs to gain high market share in domestic and overseas niche markets.
- Aim to achieve sales ¥10 billion and operating profit of ¥1 billion in FY2030.



Japan and overseas sales ratio





Precautions for handling this document

The forward-looking statements contained in this document are based on information available to us at the time of publication.

Please note that such statements are future projections at this time and contain risks and uncertainties and that actual results may significantly differ from the projections.



